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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/760,046	01/12/2001	Edith Mathiowitz	BU 111	1885
23579 75	590 06/12/2003			
PATREA L. PABST HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP			EXAMINER	
SUITE 2000, O	NE ATLANTIC CENTER		PULLIAM	AMY E
1201 WEST PEACHTREE STREET, N.E. ATLANTA, GA 30309-3400		Ē.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1615	10
			DATE MAILED: 06/12/2003	18

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/760,046	MATHIOWITZ ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Amy E Pulliam	1615
The MAILING DATE of this commun	nication appears on the cover sheet wi	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum is - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for repl - Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	NICATION. Is of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rumunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thin statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by will, by statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) f	filed on <i>09 April 2003</i> .	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.	
	on for allowance except for formal mactice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.	
4) Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,6-13,15-26 and 34</u> i	is/are pending in the application.	•
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/s	are withdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,6-13,15-26 and 34</u> is	s/are rejected.	•
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restri	iction and/or election requirement.	
9) The specification is objected to by the	no Evaminor	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are	1	ha Evaminar
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	bjection to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	
11) The proposed drawing correction file	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` '
If approved, corrected drawings are re		isapproved by the Examiner.
12) The oath or declaration is objected t	•	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a clair	m for foreign priority under 25 LLS C	\$ 110(a) (d) ar (f)
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	• • •	9 119(a)-(d) of (f).
<u> </u>		
_	y documents have been received. y documents have been received in A	national No.
<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	s of the priority documents have been rational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). on for a list of the certified copies not	· ·
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign la 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim	* *	
Attachment(s)		505 ana 5
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Information Disclosure Statement	PTO-948) 5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)
S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 18

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DETAILED ACTION

Receipt of Papers

Receipt is acknowledged of the Request for Extension of Time and Request for Continued Examination, both received by the Office April 9, 2003, as well as the Preliminary Amendment D, received May 9, 2003.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 7-9, 11-13, 15-17, 19, and 23-26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 98/46212 to Shah.

Shah teach a method for making a composition comprising an active ingredient contained within polymeric microparticles, wherein a mixture of the active ingredient and the polymer are dispersed within a continuous phase, the resulting dispersion is frozen, and the water and organic solvents are removed from the dispersion by lyophilization (page 28, claim 1). Claim 4 states that the active is dissolved in a non-aqueous solvent prior to addition to the continuous phase. The reference also teaches that spray drying, solvent evaporation, phase separate techniques and that they are all well known in the art as encapsulation methods (page 4, lines 17-20). It is the position of the examiner that the teachings of Shah anticipate the above listed claims.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3, 4, 6-13, 15-26, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shah.

Shah is discussed above as teachings Applicant's claimed method. Shah does not specifically state that the particles are micronized in the step where the emulsion is formed.

However, Shah does teach the same process as claimed by Applicant, and Shah does not teach an additional grinding or milling step to micronize the particles. Therefore, the micronization must occur at the same time in the reference.

Furthermore, Shah does not teach the particular particle size. However, it is the position of the examiner that this does not render patentable distinction to the claims for two reasons.

First, Shah teaches the same process and therefore the product will have the same characteristics.

Alternatively, absent a clear showing of criticality, the determination of a particular particle size is within the skill of the ordinary worker as part of the process of normal optimization.

Shah also lacks the teaching to the specific active found in Applicant's claim 10. It is the position of the examiner that one of ordinary skill in the art would use any well known protein in the teachings of Shah, because Shah teaches success with proteins in general.

Shah also lacks the teaching of particular ranges of solvent to non- solvent. Again the examiner does not find that this renders patentable distinction to the claims. First, the Office

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lacks the facilities for examining and comparing applicant's product with the product of the prior art in order to establish that the product of the prior art does not possess the same material structural and functional characteristics of the claimed product. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the burden is upon the applicant to prove that the claimed products are functionally different than those taught by the prior art and to establish patentable differences. *See Ex parte Phillips*, 28 U.S.P.Q.2d 1302, 1303 (PTO Bd. Pat. App. & Int. 1993), *Ex parte Gray*, 10 USPQ2d 1922, 1923 (PTO Bd. Pat. App. & Int.) and *In re Best*, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977). Second, absent a clear showing of criticality, the determination of a particular ratio is within the skill of the ordinary worker as part of the process of normal optimization. Any showing of criticality must be based upon this particular limitation alone.

Therefore, it is the position of the examiner that the teachings of Shah suggest the limitations of Applicant's instant claims. Shah teaches the same process of making microparticles, and one skilled in the art would have been motivated to use any well known protein, and to manipulate the particle size and the ratios of the process components, depending on the particular active and the desired end product. Therefore, this invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amy E Pulliam whose telephone number is 703-308-4710. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 7:30-5:00, Alternate Fri 8:30-5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman Page can be reached on 703-308-2927. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3592 for regular communications and 703-305-3592 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1235.

A.E. Pulliam Patent Examiner Art Unit 1615 June 9, 2003

THURMAN K. PABE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
SUPERVISORY CENTER 1600